

BASICS RECAPITULATION:

MODALS:

MODAL VERB	PURPOSE	EXAMPLES
WILL	- Future	Sara will travel to Canada.
WOULD	- Request? - Intention	- Would you mind closing the window? - I would close the window if I weren't too busy.
CAN	- Ability - Possibility	- Can you play the guitar? - This problem can be solved
COULD	- Ability in the past - Request	- I just couldn't sleep last night. - Could you lend me a hand?
MAY	- Permission - probability	- You may sit down if you want. - I may apply to this institute.
MIGHT	- probability	- There might be a storm tomorrow.
SHOULD	- advice	- You should listen to me.
MUST	- Obligation	- You must wear your uniform.
Shall	- suggestion	- Shall we start the meeting?

To be noted:

- 1- Modal verbs are always used as auxiliaries and are always followed by the infinitive form of the main verb.
- 2- Modal verbs can't be conjugated; so, we usually use Semi-Modals that can be conjugated to convey the meaning.

Semi – Modals:

Semi-Modals are called as such because they are not considered modals since they contain two words while modals contain only one word, and also because they can be conjugated while the modals can't, however, modals and semi-modals convey the same meaning.

How do semi-modals replace modals?

Present	Past	Future
I can drive a truck.	I could drive a truck. I was able to drive a truck.	I will be able to drive a truck.
You must get a license.	I had to get a license.	You will have to get a license.
Hind should see a doctor.	Hind needed to see a doctor.	Hind will need to see a doctor.

Practice:

Write sentences in which you use the modal verbs that you have studied!

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